

# QUANTITATIVE PCR

## Primer Guidelines

- 1) Optimal primer length is 18-21 bases
- 2) Optimal product is 150-250 bases
- 3) Runs of four or more Gs should always be avoided
- 4) The five nucleotides at the 3' end should not contain more than two G or C bases
- 5) The T<sub>m</sub> of each primer should not differ more than 1-2°C
- 6) The T<sub>m</sub> of the primer should be 58-60°C
- 7) Make a 250nM dilution of primer stock to use for QPCR

## Concentrate Plasmid

- 1) Use 20-25ml of E. coli culture
- 2) Prep with Qiafilter midipreps
- 3) Elute with 70µl sterile MilliQ
- 4) Concentrate with PCR kit or ethanol precipitation
- 5) Resuspend in 30µl sterile MilliQ

## Standard Curves

- 1) Calculate the copy number using the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Concentration g/}\mu\text{l}}{\text{Length (bp)} \times 660} \times 6.023 \times 10^{23} = \# \text{ molecules/}\mu\text{l}$$

- 2) Set up standards (10<sup>11</sup> - 10<sup>1</sup>) from stock plasmid

## Reverse transcriptase reaction

- 1) Start with 1.5µg RNA in 0.5µl tubes
- 2) Make up the following master mix and vortex:

Volume per reaction (µl)	Reagent
1.5	random hexamers (5µg/µl)
1.5	dNTPs (10mM)
3.0	total volume per sample

- 3) Add master mix to each tube.
- 4) Add dH<sub>2</sub>O to bring total volume to 18μl
- 5) Incubate @ 65°C for 5min (breaks down 2° structure)
- 6) Chill on ice for 5min (cold shock to prevent refolding)
- 7) Make up the following master mix and vortex:

Volume per reaction (μl)	Reagent
6.0	5x 1 <sup>st</sup> strand buffer
3.0	0.1M DTT
1.5	Rnasin Plus (40u/μl)
<b>10.5</b>	<b>total volume per sample</b>

- 8) Add master mix to each tube (total volume 28.5μl)
- 9) Remove 9.5μl to new 0.5μl tube
  - a. add 0.5μl dH<sub>2</sub>O (-RT reaction)
  - b. store @ -20°C
- 10) Add 1μl SuperScript II to remaining 19μl (total volume 20μl)
  - a. Incubate @ RT for 10min
  - b. Incubate @ 42°C for 1hr
  - c. Incubate @ 70° for 15min (inactivation)
- 11) Dilutions for technical triplicates
  - a. Remove 8μl to new 0.5μl tubes
  - b. Add 16μl dH<sub>2</sub>O (total volume 24μl)
  - c. Keep on ice

## QPCR reaction

- 1) Load standards & blanks (-RT reactions, randomly pick a couple)
  - a. Make the following master mix:

Volume per reaction (μl)	Reagent
10.0	Dynamo Master Mix
7.0	dH <sub>2</sub> O
2.0	Primer mix (1:100)
<b>19.0</b>	<b>total volume per sample</b>

- b. Add master mix to each tube (on ice)
- c. Add 1μl standard (or blank)

- 2) Load samples  
 a. Make the following master mix:

Volume per reaction ( $\mu\text{l}$ )	Reagent
10.0	Dynamo Master Mix
5.0	dH <sub>2</sub> O
2.0	Primer mix (1:100)
<b>17.0</b>	<b>total volume per sample</b>

- b. Add master mix to each tube (on ice)  
 c. Add 3 $\mu\text{l}$  sample

**Sample setup**

	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>A</b>	10 <sup>0</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>2</sup>	10 <sup>3</sup>	10 <sup>4</sup>	10 <sup>5</sup>	10 <sup>6</sup>	10 <sup>7</sup>	10 <sup>8</sup>	10 <sup>9</sup>	10 <sup>10</sup>	
<b>B</b>	wt <sub>0</sub>	wt <sub>0</sub>	wt <sub>0</sub>	mut <sub>0</sub>	mut <sub>0</sub>	mut <sub>0</sub>	wt <sub>60</sub>	wt <sub>60</sub>	wt <sub>60</sub>	mut <sub>60</sub>	mut <sub>60</sub>	mut <sub>60</sub>
<b>C</b>	wt <sub>120</sub>	wt <sub>120</sub>	wt <sub>120</sub>	mut <sub>120</sub>	mut <sub>120</sub>	mut <sub>120</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>				